

Design Study of a Ring Stiffened Cylinder for use as a Manned Submersible

Bodily Collapse using Tokugawa's Equation - Trilling, Charles

"The Influence of Stiffening Rings on the Strength of Thin Cylindrical Shells Under External Pressure", U.S. Experimental Model Basin Report No. 396 February 1935, p. 7, Equation [10]

SafetyFactor := 2.0

DesignGoal := 1320-ft·SafetyFactor

DesignGoal = 2640ft

Design Variables:

Constants:

Outside Diameter	OD := 42-in	SeaWaterDensity := $64 \frac{\text{lbf}}{\text{ft}^3}$
Shell Thickness	t := .375-in, .4375-in, .625-in	
Shell Length	Len := 104.25-in	
Number of Rings	num := 2	
Ring Depth	RD := 2.5-in	
Ring Width	RW := 2-in	
Ring Web Thickness	b := .5-in	
Ring Flange Thickness	RFT := .5-in	

Material Properties:

Poissons Ratio	$\mu := .3$
Yield Strength	$\sigma := 38000 \frac{\text{lbf}}{\text{in}^2}$
Youngs Modulus	$E := 30 \cdot 10^6 \frac{\text{lbf}}{\text{in}^2}$

Equations:

$$L := \frac{\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{\text{OD}}{2} + \text{Len} + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{\text{OD}}{2}}{\text{num} + 1} \quad \text{Mean Diameter} \quad D(t) := \text{OD} - t$$

$$A1 := \text{RW} \cdot \text{RFT} \quad I1 := \frac{\text{RFT}^3 \cdot \text{RW}}{12}$$

$$A2 := (\text{RD} - \text{RFT}) \cdot b \quad I2 := \frac{(\text{RD} - \text{RFT})^3 \cdot b}{12}$$

$$v := \frac{\left(\frac{\text{RD} - \text{RFT}}{2} \right) \cdot A1 + \left(\frac{\text{RD} - \text{RFT}}{2} \right) \cdot A2}{A1 + A2}$$

$$A := A1 + A2$$

$$\delta(t) := \frac{\frac{t}{2} \cdot (L \cdot t) + (t + v) \cdot A}{A + L \cdot t}$$

$$A3(t) := t \cdot L$$

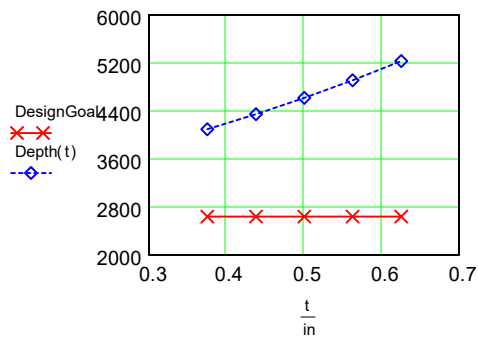
$$I := I1 + I2 + \left(RD - \frac{RFT}{2} - v \right)^2 \cdot A1 + \left[v - \frac{(RD - RFT)}{2} \right]^2 \cdot A2$$

$$i0 := \sqrt{\frac{I}{A}}$$

$$\gamma(t) := 1 + \frac{t^2}{4 \cdot i0^2} \cdot \left[\left(1 + \frac{2 \cdot v}{t} \right) - \left(\frac{2 \cdot \delta(t)}{t} - 1 \right) \right]^2$$

$$\beta(t) := 1 + 3 \cdot \left(\frac{2 \cdot \delta(t)}{t} - 1 \right)^2$$

$$\text{Depth}(t) := \frac{\beta(t) \cdot \left(\frac{2 \cdot E}{1 - \mu^2} \right) \cdot \left(\frac{t}{D(t)} \right)^3 + \gamma(t) \cdot \frac{24 \cdot E \cdot I}{D(t)^3 \cdot L}}{\text{SeaWaterDensity}}$$



$$\frac{t}{\text{in}} =$$

0.375
0.438
0.5
0.563
0.625

$$\frac{\text{Depth}(t)}{\text{ft}} = \begin{pmatrix} 4092 \\ 4346 \\ 4616 \\ 4909 \\ 5229 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$OD := 39.in, 40.in.. 45.in$$

$$t := .5.in$$

$$L(OD) := \frac{\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{OD}{2} + Len + \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{OD}{2}}{num + 1}$$

Mean Diameter

$$D(OD) := OD - t$$

$$A1 := RW \cdot RFT$$

$$I1 := \frac{RFT^3 \cdot RW}{12}$$

$$A2 := (RD - RFT) \cdot b$$

$$I2 := \frac{(RD - RFT)^3 \cdot b}{12}$$

$$v := \frac{\left(\frac{RD - RFT}{2}\right) \cdot A1 + \left(\frac{RD - RFT}{2}\right) \cdot A2}{A1 + A2}$$

$$A := A1 + A2$$

$$\delta(OD) := \frac{\frac{t}{2} \cdot (L(OD) \cdot t) + (t + v) \cdot A}{A + L(OD) \cdot t}$$

$$A3(OD) := t \cdot L(OD)$$

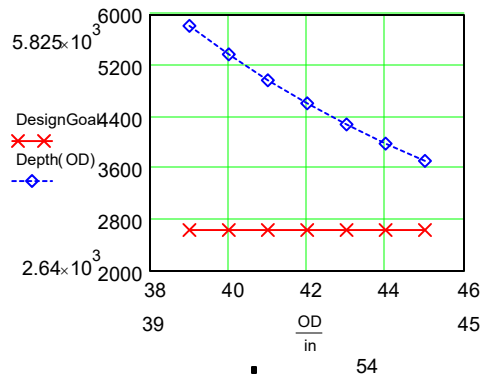
$$I := I1 + I2 + \left(\frac{RD - RFT}{2} - v\right)^2 \cdot A1 + \left[v - \frac{RD - RFT}{2}\right]^2 \cdot A2$$

$$i0 := \sqrt{\frac{I}{A}}$$

$$\gamma(OD) := 1 + \frac{t^2}{4 \cdot i0^2} \cdot \left[\left(1 + \frac{2 \cdot v}{t}\right) - \left(\frac{2 \cdot \delta(OD)}{t} - 1\right) \right]^2$$

$$\beta(OD) := 1 + 3 \cdot \left(\frac{2 \cdot \delta(OD)}{t} - 1\right)^2$$

$$Depth(OD) := \frac{\beta(OD) \cdot \left(\frac{2 \cdot E}{1 - \mu^2}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{t}{D(OD)}\right)^3 + \gamma(OD) \cdot \frac{24 \cdot E \cdot I}{D(OD)^3 \cdot L(OD)}}{SeaWaterDensity}$$



$$\frac{OD}{in} =$$

39
40
41
42
43
44
45

$$\frac{Depth(OD)}{ft} = \begin{pmatrix} 5825 \\ 5380 \\ 4979 \\ 4616 \\ 4288 \\ 3989 \\ 3717 \end{pmatrix}$$